

## **Increase PV System Self-Consumption**

Grid electricity prices are constantly on the rise. This situation motivates the installation of large PV systems that allow owners to minimize consumption from the grid during the day. However, in some countries local regulations limit the amount of PV power that can be exported to the grid or allow no export whatsoever, while allowing the use of PV power for self-consumption. Therefore, without an energy management system, PV systems cannot be installed (if no export is permitted) or are limited in size.

SolarEdge offers an export limitation option, integrated in the SolarEdge inverter firmware, which dynamically adjusts PV power production. This allows you to use more energy for self-consumption when the loads are high, while maintaining the export limit also when the loads are low.

# **Export Limitation Solution Benefits**

- Export limitation is integrated into the inverter firmware install only an energy meter
- Fast Response Time ensuring that even with rapid changes in load consumption and PV production the export power does not exceed the limit
- Failsafe Operation the operation is designed to guarantee that the exported power will never exceed the preconfigured limit under any fault



## SolarEdge Inverter as Energy Manager

- Export limit is configured via the inverter user interface
- In a multi-inverter system, one inverter will serve as the energy manager
- Installed SolarEdge inverters can be firmware upgraded with the export limitation option

## **Energy Meter Support**

- The inverter can read a meter installed either at the grid connection point or at the load consumption point
- The inverter maintains the output power limit with accuracy equal to that of the meter
- Two types of meters may be used:
  - An RS485 meter, available from SolarEdge, which connects to the RS485 terminal block of the SolarEdge inverter
  - A meter with an S0 interface and an S0 meter adapter cable available from SolarEdge

## **Export Limitation Operation Example**

The following example illustrates the behavior of a 6kW PV system, with an export power limit of 0W - no export to the grid.

Potential PV Power	Power Production	Load	Export Power*
0kW	0kW	3kW	-3kW
1kW	1kW	4.5kW	-3.5kW
3.5kW	3.5kW	3.5kW	0kW
6kW	4kW	4kW	0kW

## 6AM

- No PV production
- Loads powered from grid

#### 8AM

- PV production lower than loads
- Loads powered from PV and from grid

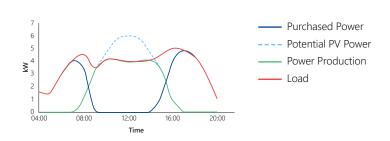
#### 9AM

- PV production equal to load
- No power to/from grid

#### **12PM**

- PV potential greater than load
- PV production limited to maintain export limit
- No power to/from grid

The overall behaviour of the example system throughout the day can be seen in the following chart:





<sup>\*</sup> Minus sign indicates power is purchased from the grid